Geology

Final Study Guide Questions Fall Semester 2011-2012

Mr. Traeger

Name: _____

Period: _____

Date: _____

The following questions are similar to questions that will be asked on the final exam. Please go through your book and answer them as a way to review for the final. If you answer ALL of them to the best of your ability, you will get an additional 15 points added to your final exam grade! That means that your questions MUST be turned in on the day of the final. The answers to these questions **must be hand written** unless you clear it with me otherwise. Answering the questions on flash cards is encouraged. The final is cumulative and will cover Preliminary Activities and Chapters 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10, and 11. We took pieces of content from chapters 29 and 30, so questions about those chapters will be limited in scope.

Section	Торіс	Questions to Ponder			
Preliminarie	Preliminaries				
Appendix	Basic Skills	What is standard notation and what is scientific notation? How do you convert			
A:		between the two?			
Reference		How do you convert between units using the factor label method?			
Tables and		How do you measure distance, volume, and mass?			
Appendix		How do you calculate density?			
C: Skills		How do you make a line graph? When should it be used?			
Handbook		How do you make a bar graph? When should it be used?			
Chapter 1: E	arth as a System				
1.2	The Earth	What are the four spheres?			
	Systemos Four	Is there a fifth sphere not named in the book? What is it?			
	Spheres	How do the spheres interact?			
		How do interactions change the spheres?			
Chapter 2: T	The Nature of Scienc	e (This was discussed when we did Chapter 8 on Plate Tectonics.)			
2.1	The Scientistos	What is a scientist?			
	Mind	Why do scientists do what they do?			
		What is the % cientist mind+?			
		Do all scientists fit a stereotype?			
		What are qualities of scientific thinking?			
2.2	Scientific Methods	How do scientists approach questions?			
	of Inquiry	What are the steps involved in the scientific method?			
		What is the purpose of peer review?			
		Why is it important to test scientific ideas?			
		What is the difference between scientific theories and laws?			
		How do you design a basic experiment with Control vs. Variable?			
2.3	Scientists Tools	What kinds of tools do earth scientists use today?			
Chapter 3: E	arth's Models				
3.1	Modeling the	What is a map? What are the different types of map projections?			
	Planet	What is latitude and longitude?			
		What is map scale? How do you calculate it?			
		How do you draw something to scale using a map scale ratio?			
3.2	Mapmaking and	What kinds of technology are used to make maps today?			
	Technology	What is RADAR and how does it work?			
		What is remote sensing?			
		What is GIS? What are the basic functions of the ArcView GIS we use in			
		class?			
		What is GPS? How does it work?			
3.3	Topographic and	What kinds of things are shown on a topographic map?			
	Geologic Maps	What are contour lines and contour interval?			
		What are slope and elevation and how do you calculate them? Review the			
		formulas for slope.			
		What do the different topographic map symbols mean?			
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Section	Торіс	Questions to Ponder				
		How do you use topographic maps?				
Chapter 4: Earth's Structure and Motion						
4.1	Earthos Formation	 How was the solar system formed? What is the nebular r Why did Earth become a opheroid? 	iypotnesis?			
		 Why due call become a spherold? What are the different layers of Earth's interior? What are 	the characteristics of			
		these lavers?				
		 Where does earth a heat and magnetic field come from? 	What is a magnetic			
		field?	0			
		 How do we use P and S wave behavior (Geophysics) to a 	figure out what is			
		inside of the Earth?				
		 What materials (Solid and/or Liquid) will P waves pass th 	rough? S waves?			
Chapter 5:	Atoms to Minerals	- What is matter?				
5.1	Matter and Atoms	 What is an element? A compound? 				
		 What is the atom? What is its basic structure? 				
		 What is the periodic table? How do you use it to determine 	he how many protons.			
		neutrons, and electrons an atom has? Know how to read	the periodic table!			
		 What are ions? How do you calculate the charge on an ion 	on?			
		 What are isotopes? How do you figure out the number of 	protons, neutrons,			
		and electrons in an isotope?				
		What are chemical bonds? What are the different types of a metal? A nonmetal? Use	of bonds?			
		 What are the characteristics of a metal? A nonmetal? no periodic table to classify a metal? 	w can you use the			
52	Composition and	 What is a mineral? It NOT a rock! List the 5 characteris: 	tics			
0.2	Structure of	 How do minerals form? 				
	Minerals	 What is crystal structure and how does it determine how 	a mineral is formed?			
5.3	Identifying Minerals	 What are the physical and chemical properties that you w 	ould look for when			
		attempting to identify a mineral? Mohos Scale, streak, etc				
		What are special properties of a mineral?				
		 Could you identify a mineral if given a sample and the rig What is an acidic gravity of law would you calculate it? 	ht tools?			
E /	Minoral Croupa	 What is specific gravity? How would you calculate it? What are the major minoral graving and how do you tall the 	a difforence among			
5.4	Mineral Groups	 What are the major mineral groups and now do you tell to them? Think chemical structure! 	le différence among			
		 What are some basic uses for minerals? 				
Chapter 6:	Rocks					
6.1	How Rocks Form	What is a rock?				
		 What is the rock cycle? What are the products and proce 	sses of the rock			
		cycle?				
6.2	Igneous Rocks	 What are the 2 types of igneous rock and how does each 	type form?			
		 What is Felsic? Matic? What are always depiction of marked with the second second				
		 wnat are characteristics of rocks that form deep in the ea Think intrusive and extrusivel 	arm? On the sufface?			
		What are igneous rock descriptions? How would you class	sify ianeous rocks			
		into the gabbro, djorite, and granite families?				
		 Where would you go to find igneous rocks? 				
6.3	Sedimentary	 What are the 3 types of sedimentary rock and how does 	each type form?			
	Rocks	What are features of sedimentary rocks?				
		What are fossils?				
		Where would you go to find sedimentary rocks?				
6.4	Metamorphic	How do metamorphic rocks form?				
	ROCKS	 vvnat are the 2 types of metamorphism? What are descriptions of metamorphic rocks? What is following the second seco	iation and how doop it			
		help to identify a metamorphic rock? Think appies and m	anon and now does it			
		neip to identity a metamorphic rock? Think gheiss and m				

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		Where would you go to find metamorphic rocks?	
Chapter 8:	Plate Tectonics		
8.1	What is Plate Tectonics?	 What were early ideas of plate tectonics? Think Wegener Drift! What is the theory of plate tectonics? What types of evide How does magnetism and rocks ages help to support the tectonics? 	and Continental ence support it? theory of plate
8.2	Types of Plate Boundaries	 What are characteristics of convergent, divergent, and tra boundaries? What kinds of structures (landforms) would you expect to plate boundary? 	nsform plate form at each type of
8.3	Causes of Plate Movement	 What is mantle convection? Ridge push? Slab pull? 	
8.4	Plate Movements and Continental Growth	 What was Pangaea? How did it change over the years? What kinds of evidence did we use to re-construct Panga How do you calculate rates, times, or distances of plate n What is Paleomagnetism? How do we use it to reconstruct 	ea? notion? ct past worlds?
Chapter 9:	Volcanoes		·
9.1	How and Where Volcanoes Form	 What is magma and how does it form? Name and describe the 3 types of places where volcance How did the Hawaiian Islands form? 	es form.
9.2	Magma and Erupted Materials	 What are the types of magma? What do viscosity, silica content, and gas content have to explosiveness of a volcano? What are the types of lava flows? What are the ash and rock fragments ejected from a volc 	o do with the
9.3	Volcanic Landforms	 What are the characteristics of shield volcanoes, cinder c volcanoes? Where does each type form? Relate this to p What are the major volcanic hazards? What things do volcanologists look for when forecasting a How do calderas form? How do volcanoes relate to plate tectonics? 	ones, and composite late tectonics! a volcanic eruption?
9.4	Extraterrestrial Volcanism	 What planets and moons in the solar system exhibit signs What kinds of volcanism existed on the Moon, Mars, and to exist on the moon of Jupiter known as lo? What causes the volcanism on lo, a moon of Jupiter? 	s of volcanism? Venus and continue
Chapter 10): Earthquakes		
10.1	How and Where Earthquakes Occur	 How do earthquakes relate to plate tectonics? What causes earthquakes? What are the different types of earthquake waves? What characteristics? 	are their
10.2	Locating and Measuring Earthquakes	 What is a seismograph and how does it work? How do you interpret a seismogram? How do you locate the epicenter of an earthquake? Know seismogram, calculate P-S travel time differences, calculate earthquake, and triangulate an earthquakeœ epicenter. What is the difference between intensity and magnitude? used to measure each? By how much does the energy of an earthquake change I magnitude? What is moment magnitude? What are the things that det magnitude of an earthquake? 	y how to read a ate the distance to an What scales are between scales of ermine the moment
10.3	Earthquake	 What are hazards associated with earthquakes? 	

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Section	Торіс	Questions to Ponder			
	Hazards	 What are tsunamis? How do they form? What should you do to avoid getting killed by one? How does the ground type that you live on determine the intensity of the earthquake? What can you do to prevent earthquake damage and loss of life? What goes into a good earthquake safety kit? What makes a good earthqua safety plan? What should you do when an earthquake strikes? What shouldnd you do? What are the areas of major earthquake risk in the world? Can we predict earthquakes? If so, how? How do differences in engineering determine the amount of damage received 	J ike ed		
10.4	Studying Earthos Interior	 By structures? How do we know what sinside the earth based upon earthquake waves? What is the shadow zone, Moho, and transition zone? How do P and S waves behave in each layer? Where do they speed up and where do they slow down? How do waves reflect and refract through the Earths layers? 	ł		
Chapter 11:	: Mountain Building				
11.2	How Mountains	What are the types of stress in the earth?			
	Form	 What are synchres and anticines? What is strike? What is dip? How can knowing both of them help a geologist map the subsurface geology of sedimentary folds? Why does oil become trapped in anticlines? What are the types of faults in the earthqs crust? What is a hanging wall? What is a foot wall? What is the difference between normal, reverse, thrust, and strike-slip faults? 	t to		
11.3	Types of Mountains	 How do folded mountains form? How do dome mountain form? How do fault block mountains form? What is horst? What is graben? How were the mountains and valleys of the Basin and Range province of the Western United States formed? 			
Chapter 29	: Views of the Past (V	Ve only talked about sections 29.1 and 29.2 when we did chapter 6 on			
seaimentar	y rocks.) (We also tal	ked about geologic maps when we talked about earthquakes.)			
29.1, 29.2, 29.3	Looking into the Past	 How do scientists date a rock? What is the difference between absolute and relative dating? What are the shortfalls of each type? How can they be used together What is the importance of fossils to establishing the geologic time scale? 			
Chapter 30	: Geologic Time Scale	9			
30.1	Geologic Time and the Geologic Time Scale	 How is the geologic time scale organized? What is it based upon? How do evolution and major extinctions determine how the geologic time scale is constructed? What is the difference between Eon, Era, Period, and Epoch? What were the series of astronomical and geological events that set the stage for life to occur on our planet? What is a geologic map and how do you read one? 	ale ge		