Records in the Rock: Paleomagnetism and Plate Tectonics Earth Science

Name: _____

Period: ____

Mr. Traeger

Purpose

The purpose of this activity is to understand the magnetic field of the earth. Understanding the earth magnetic field has allowed us to verify the theory of plate tectonics.

Materials

- Bar magnet
- manila folder

compass scissors

iron filings

Date:

glue

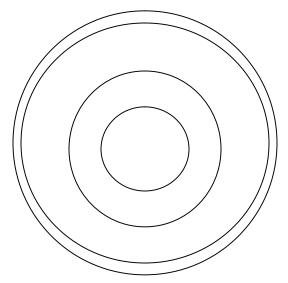
metric ruler

seismic sleuths worksheets

Part 1: What is a Magnetic Field?

It is thought that the earth magnetic field is created by fluid circulating in the outer core. An electric current is created by the circulating core fluid. Through a series of more complex steps, this changing electric current will create earth magnetic field. This is the principle behind electric motors, doorbells, and stereo speakers.

1. Before we can move on, you must know the different layers inside of the earth. On the diagram below, do the following: a) label the name of each layer. b) State whether each layer is a solid or liquid. c) Give the depth from the surface in km. d) give the temperature range of each layer in degrees Kelvin. See page 28-29 of your book.



- 2. What generates the heat in the core of our earth?
- 3. We can simulate the magnetic field of the earth by assuming that there is a bar magnet running through the center of our planet from the North Pole to the South Pole. Obtain a bar magnet, iron filings (salt shakers), a compass, and a manila folder.
- 4. Place the magnet below the manila folder. Pour some iron filings on to the manila folder. Do not pour iron filings directly on to the magnet! Gently tap or shake the manila folder so that the iron filings align with the magnetic field of the bar magnet.

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- 5. **Draw** the pattern that you see around the bar magnet in the space below. This is very similar to the magnetic field of the earth.

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- 6. Now, take a compass and move it near the bar magnet. Describe what happens to the compass needle when you move the compass in a complete circle around the bar magnet.
- 7. Why do you think the compass behaves the way it does? What causes the compass needle to change direction?
- 8. Now, place a compass in your hand far *away* from the bar magnet. Describe its behavior. Which way does the compass needle point?
- 9. What could be causing the compass needle to point in the direction that it does?
- 10. Imagine for a moment that the direction of earths magnetic field switched 180°. Which way would your compass be pointing now?

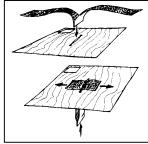
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Part 2: Magnetic Reversals and Sea Floor Spreading

The oceanographic research of Vine and Matthews in the 1960cs found that the Earthos magnetic field has undergone many reversals in the geologic past. The handout entitled Reading the Patterns+is a model of the magnetic orientation of igneous rock material at the Mid-Atlantic Ridge. You will now make a model of sea floor spreading.

- 1. Obtain a pair of scissors and a copy of Reading the Patterns.+Cut out the slit in the middle of the Atlantic Ocean. Now, cut out the pattern below along the dotted lines so that you have two strips of paper. Tape these strips together.
- 2. Place the open end of the strips through the slit on the bottom of the sea floor. This simulates magma rising to the surface at the Mid-Atlantic Ridge. See the diagram to the right.
- 3. Pull the strip slowly up through the ocean floor. Note the patterns of North and South as you do. Answer the following questions.
- 4. What happens to the age of the rock the farther away you get from the Mid-Atlantic Ridge?



- 5. Are the plates moving away from each other (divergent), toward each other (convergent), or alongside each other (transform) at the Mid-Atlantic Ridge? How do you know?
- 6. What is the *current* magnetic orientation along the Mid-Atlantic Ridge?
- 7. What was the last magnetic orientation along the Mid-Atlantic Ridge?
- 8. What will be the *next* magnetic orientation along the Mid-Atlantic Ridge?
- 9. How does this model of sea floor spreading give support to the theory of plate tectonics?
- 10. Alfred Wegener proposed the idea of continental drift based upon his observations. He was never able to publish the theory of plate tectonics until Paleomagnetism gave substantial evidence for his ideas. Why do you think that Paleomagnetism was needed to establish the theory of plate tectonics?

Conclusion

What are your overall thoughts on this lab? Did you learn anything?