* ·		
Name:		Dhyraia
Date:		Physica Cork/Dickson
	8	
	asurement Conversi w do you cross the metric brid	
Why?		
Units, units, everywhere, and not a so we often have to change our measure them. Not all units are the same size, this, we need to know how to <i>convert</i>	ements into a different format so , however: a gallon, for example.	that other people can understand
Model 1. The English System		
	3 teaspoons = 1 tablespoon 16 tablespoons = 1 cup 2 cups = 1 pint 2 pints = 1 quart 4 quarts = 1 gallon	
¹ What does the information in Mod	lel 1 show you how to do?	
2. Under what circumstances would	you use the information in Mode	d 1?
3. How many teaspoons are in:a. 1 tablespoon?		

4. Based on your answers to #3, what is the overall procedure for determining the number of teaspoons

b. 2 tablespoons?

c. 5 tablespoons?

in a given number of tablespoons?

5.	How many tablespoons are in:	ā
6	a. 1 teaspoon?	سن
		Carreto A
	b. 2 teaspoons?	
	c. 5 teaspoons?	
6.	Based on your answers to #5, what is the overall procedure for determining the number of tablespoons in a given number of teaspoons?	
	- Constant of the contract of	
7.	Look at your answers to #4 and #6. How does converting from a large unit to a small unit (#4) differ from converting a small unit to a large unit (#6)?	•
	from converting a sman aims to a range aims (i.e.).	
8.	How many cups are in:	
٠,	a. 1 quart?	(
	b. 1 gallon?	
	c. 2 gallons?	
12		
9.	Based on your answer to #8, what is the procedure for performing a series of conversions?	
10	Mary de very think your procedure in #0 would differ if you were performing a cories of conversions.	
10). How do you think your procedure in #9 would differ if you were performing a series of conversions from small units to large units?	
	STOP	2
		·

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Model 2. The Metric System

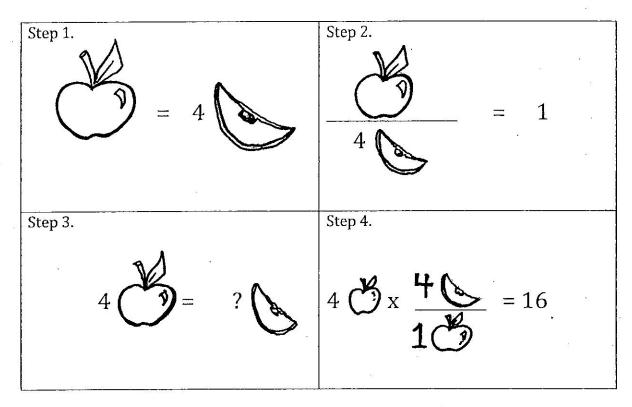
10	000 milliseconds =	100 centimeters = 100 centiseconds =	1 second =	0.001 kiloseconds
10	000 milligrams =	100 centigrams=		0.001 kilograms

- 11. What is the information in Model 2 used for?
- 12. What stays the same in each line? What do you think the prefixes are used for?
- 13. What changes from line to line?
- 14. What is larger:
 - a. A millimeter or a kilometer?
 - b. A second or a kilosecond?
 - c. A centigram or a milligram?
- 15. How many centigrams are in:
 - a. 2 grams?
 - b. 3 grams?
 - c. 4.49 grams?
- 16. How many meters are in:
 - a. 200 centimeters?
 - b. 250 centimeters?
 - c. 9.2 centimeters?

⁷ Compare your process in #15 and #16 to what you did with the English system of measurement in Model 1. What makes the metric system easier to use?



Model 3. Conversion Factors



- 18. In Step 1, what enables us to say that these two quantities are equal?
- 19. In Step 2, why is this fraction equal to 1? (Hint: Why is 2 divided by 2 equal to 1?)



Read This!

A statement like the one in Step 1 of is known as an *equivalence statement*. An equivalence statement tells us that a certain amount of one unit is *equal* to a certain amount of another unit.

We can use equivalence statements to create *conversion factors* such as the one on the left side of the equation in Step 2. Conversion factors allow us to convert from one unit to another...without getting lost in the math.

- 20. What unit are we converting from in step 3? What unit are we converting to?
- 21. Why do we place the "whole apple" unit on the bottom of the fraction in step 4?

22. Why do we place the "apple wedge" unit on the top of the fraction in step 4?	
23. Looking at #21 and #22, what general rule can you and your group come up with abou goes 'on top' of the conversion factor and which unit goes 'on bottom' of the conversion	t which unit a factor?
24. How could we convert the 16 apple wedges back to whole apples? How would our conhave to be arranged?	version factor
25. Look back at the information contained in Model 2. Set up conversion factors for conversion factors factors for conversion factors factor	erting from:
b. Seconds to milliseconds	
c. Kilograms to centigrams (hint: you will need to use <u>two</u> conversion factors)	
26. Using your conversion factors from #25, convert: a. 24.9 centimeters to meters	e P
b. 8002 meters to centimeters	
c. 99 seconds to milliseconds	•
d. 8.9 milliseconds to seconds	
e. 9.0 kilograms to centigrams	

f. 1,087,952 centigrams to kilograms



Extension Question

A certain snail (whose name is Sammi) travels at a speed of 0.02 mi/hr. If there are 5280 feet in a mile, 12 inches in a foot, and 2.54 centimeters in 1 inch, then what is Sammi's speed in meters per second?